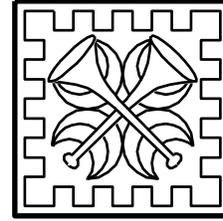




## Caid College of Heraldry

c/o Su Ralston

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### Minutes of the August 15, 2010 College of Heraldry Meeting

Meeting commenced at 11:00 AM.

In attendance were: Su *Crescent*, *Illuminada Dolphin*, *Hrorek Chevron*, Thomas *Quatrefoil*, *Eridana Amber*, *Jeanne Marie Noir Licorne*, *Avice Coral*, *Urusla Green Staff*, *Stephania von Graz*, *Tiegherrnan*, *Uluric Trident*, *Cormac Battlement*

Upcoming meetings are: September 12, October 3, November 21, and December 19.

Crown Tournament is coming up.

The College received several documents from KWHSS – proceedings, Names from Artois by Colm Dubh, and Tools Used in Heraldry by Bruce Draconarius.

Unless otherwise noted, all submitters will accept the creation of a holding name, if appropriate. Approved submissions will be forwarded on the October 5, 2010 Letter of Intent.

**Alexander Aethelwulf sunu.** New Device. Sable, on a bend sinister between two horse's heads Or, a mullet of four points gules.

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel. Withdrawn by submitter after the meeting.**

**Altavia, Barony of.** New Badge. *Argent, a fret sable and a chief vert.*

**Badge is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Altavia, Barony of.** Letter of permission to conflict.

James Everglad's badge was on Caid's July LoI.

July 13, 2010 We, (modern names), known in the SCA as the Baron and Baroness of Altavia, Secca of Kent and Meliora Deverel, give (modern names), known in the SCA as James Everglad, permission for his armory "Fieldless, 2 arrows in saltire fretted with a mascle sable" to look similar to, but not identical to, our Altavia populace badge, "Argent, a fret sable, and a chief Vert." We understand that this permission cannot be withdrawn once James' armory is registered." It is signed by the Baron and Baroness of Altavia in both modern and SCA signatures.

**LoPtC is forwarded to Laurel.**

**Atia Alexandri uxor.** New Name and New Device. *Argent, an oak tree blasted within a bordure embattled azure.*

The submitter desires a feminine name, will accept all changes, and cares most about the meaning "wife of Alexander."

**Atia** is found at <http://www.legionxxiv.org/nomens/> as a female name. It is also referred to at

<http://www.vroma.org/~bmcmanus/augustus.html>: 63 BCE: Gaius Octavius Thurinus was born to Atia, niece of Julius Caesar, who adopted the young man posthumously in his will after his assassination in 44 BCE. It is also found in Lempriere's Classical Dictionary of Proper Names mentioned in Ancient Authors p.91 where it is mentioned that Atia is the mother of Augustus.

**Alexandri uxor** means wife of Alexander. Alexander is found as a masculine given name in "Personal Names of the Aristocracy in the Roman Empire During the Later Byzantine Era" by Berret Chavez (Bardas Xiphias) at [http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/byzantine/PLRE\\_masc\\_names.html](http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/byzantine/PLRE_masc_names.html). It is also her husband's registered given name. Alexander the Great (356-323 BC), the king of Macedonia that conquered the Persian empire and annexed it to Macedonia, is considered one of the greatest military geniuses of all times.

(<http://faq.macedonia.org/history/alexander.the.great.html>) It is also found in Lempriere's Classical Dictionary of Proper Names mentioned in Ancient Authors p.31-2, several men named Alexander are cited.

(Wintermist)

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Caid, Kingdom of, Silver Star, Order of the.** Resub Order Name

This order name meets the Medieval Secular Order Names (<http://medievalscotland.org/jes/OrderNames/>) pattern of colour + heraldic charge, and matches the requirements of the August 2005 cover letter (<http://heraldry.sca.org/loar/2005/08/05-08cl.html>).

**Silver** is a standard "ordinary color" for argent, as documented in the same cover letter.

**Star** is found in OED (compact ed. p. 3019 s.n. Star) dated in this spelling to the sixteenth century.

(Kingdom of Caid)

FIXMe – this either needs to be returned or it needs to be argued why the following precedent protecting *Silver Star* needs to be overturned:

[*Order of the Silver Stars of Mons Tonitrus*] By the precedent set in the July 1997 LoAR, plural nouns are not allowed in order names. Also, according to RfS V.2.a, names of SCA branches are not descriptive elements; they are therefore invisible when determining whether a conflict exists. This name therefore conflicts with the US military decoration of *Silver Star*. While we do not intend to protect every military decoration, this is one of the few that is well enough known and prestigious enough to warrant protection. [Mons Tonitrus, Barony of, 11/00, R-Atenveldt]

**No forms were received.**

**Chiara Nicolosa di Battaglia.** New Name and New Device. *Quarterly gules semy-de-lis Or and sable, a dragon passant within an orle Or.*

Name and device returned August 2009 Kingdom for lack of funds.

[Name] Submitted as Chiara Nicolosa Di Battaglia. The submitter is interested in a feminine name. She will not accept a major change and will not allow the creation of a holding name.

**Chiara** – is found in De Felice' Nomi: p. 105 s.n. Chiara, with a St. *Chiara* di Montefalco dated to 1308.

**Nicolosa** - is found in Rhian Lyth of Blackmoor Vale (Jo Lori Drake) "Italian Renaissance Women's Names" at [heraldry.sca.org/heraldry/laurel/names/italian.html](http://heraldry.sca.org/heraldry/laurel/names/italian.html), as a feminine given name in 14<sup>th</sup>-15<sup>th</sup> C Florence.

**di Battaglia** is found in De Felice Cognomi: p. 73 s.n. *Battaglia*, undated. We changed Di to di to correspond with generally accepted capitalization.

(Western Seas)

**Neither forms nor payment received.**

**Ciothruadh Dubh.** Change of Holding Name.

Submitter has no preference of gender, accepts all changes, and cares most about the language/culture and meaning, "Ciothruadh the Black."

The holding name Ciothruadh of Lyondemere was registered November 2009.

Originally submitted as *Cithruadh Duibh*, changed at kingdom to Cithruadh Duibh, returned 11/2009 as both portions of the name were documented as given names.

**Cithrúadh** - Cithruadh (without the accent) is found in "Index of Names in Irish Annals: Ciothruadh" (<http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/mari/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Ciothruadh.shtml>) by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan as a masculine given name. It is found in the raw data, dated in this spelling to 1478 and 1518. The Early Modern Irish Gaelic (c1200-c1700) nominative form is given as Ciothruadh. It is also found undated in OCM (pg. 52, header).

**Dubh** is found in "Index of Names in Irish Annals" by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan (<http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/mari/AnnalsIndex/DescriptiveBynames/Dub.shtml>), from 582 through 1590 as a descriptive byname meaning "black" (probably refers to hair color).

Old Irish Gaelic (c700-c900) nominative form•	Dub
Old Irish Gaelic (c700-c900) genitive form: •	Duib
Middle Irish Gaelic (c900-c1200) nominative form:	•Dub
Middle Irish Gaelic (c900-c1200) genitive form:	•Duib
Early Modern Irish Gaelic (c1200-c1700) nominative form:	•Dubh
Early Modern Irish Gaelic (c1200-c1700) genitive form:	•Duibh

Laurel suggested the form of "either Ciothruadh Dubh 'Ciothruadh the Black' or *Ciothruadh Ó Dubháin* 'Ciothruadh of the Ó Dubháin clan', using the standardized Early Modern Irish spellings of the elements." Submitter has chosen the former.

(Angels)

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Cobhláith Mhór Ó Duinn.** New Name and New Device. *Argent, a cauldron within a bordure gules.*

Submitter desires a feminine Irish name, and will accept all changes. - Suggested pronunciation: /kóv lã ĩth mōr ō dōōn/ (My best guess with american notation) –

**Cobhláith** is found in Index of Names in Irish Annals, by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan (Kathleen M. O'Brien) located at <http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Feminine/Coblaith.shtml> - The spelling is the header spelling and is listed as an appropriate spelling for c1200 - c1700 \

**Mhór** is found in Index of Names in Irish Annals: Descriptive Bynames found in Feminine Names (ibid) found at <http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Feminine/DescriptiveBynames.shtml>. Mhór is the header spelling.

**Ó Duinn** is found in Dated Names Found in Ó Corráin & Maguire's Irish Names (ibid) located at <http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/ocm/OCM-PatUaByn.shtml> which cites:

Gilla na Náem Ó Duinn 1160 112 Gilla na Náem "servant of the saints"  
(Lyondemere)

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Elsbeth Lyttleburye.** New Device. *Argent, a fox's mask gules, a chief embattled pean*  
(Calafia)

Name was on Caid LoI of 12/09 at which time the submitter was willing to accept a holding name .

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Giovanni di Battaglia.** New Name and New Device. *Quarterly gules and pean, in bend two griffins Or and a bordure erminois.*

**Name and device returned August 2009 at Kingdom for lack of funds.**

[Name] Submitted as Giovanni Di Battaglia. The submitter is interested in a masculine name. He will not accept major changes and will not allow the creation of a holding name.

**Giovanni** is of Italian origin, meaning "God is gracious." It is found in "Names from Florence, 1427" at <http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/ferrante/catasto>

**di Battaglia** is found in De Felice *Cognomi*: p. 73 s.n. Battaglia, undated. We changed Di to di to correspond with generally accepted capitalization.

(Western Seas)

**Neither forms nor payment received.**

**Gisela von Grimme.** New Name and New Device. *Argent, on a cross quarter pierced sable four eagles Or.*  
The submitter desires a feminine name and will accept no changes.

**Gisela** is found in The Academy of Saint Gabriel letter 3219 (<http://www.s-gabriel.org/3219>) which dates <Gisela> to 1169, 1170, and 1202 from Socin.

**Grimme** is found Grimme - Bahlow/Gentry p. 171 s.n. Grimm says that in northern Germany, the byname is locative in origin, citing Wulfard von Grimme Stralsund 1284, Jorge von Grymme Liegnitz 1491, and Jorge Grimme Liegnitz 1559. The entry also lists a Henr. (de) Grimme Breslau 1301.

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Haru Matsunaga.** New Name and New Device. *Azure, on a roundel argent in bend sinister a dragonfly bendwise and a ginkgo leaf bendwise sinister.*

[Name] The submitter is interested in a feminine name. She will accept minor but not major names. If the name must be changed she cares most about the language/culture (Japanese).

**Haru** is found in Solveig on p. 125 as a feminine name dated 1332 meaning "spring".

**Matsunaga** is found in Solveig on p. 158 as a surname meaning "forever" dated to approximately 1600.

The submitter would prefer the name Haruka, since the college was unable to find documentation, we are submitting Haru Matsunaga and request the college's assistance to find documentation for Haruka.

**Name approved as Matsunaga Haru,** and forwarded with a request for assistance in finding documentation closer to Haruka. The LoI was incorrectly submitted as Haru Matsunaga, and was changed to Matsunaga Haru which reflects the correct order of the name elements.

**Device returned for poor heraldic style and lack of identifiability of the ginkgo leaf.**

**Copied to August Minutes for submission on the August LoI.**

**Iðunn College.** New Branch Name and New Device. *Argent, two rabbits combatant sable on a chief gules an apple and two laurel wreaths Or.*

**Iðunn** is found on p12 of Geirr Bassi. Originally the Norse goddess name from the Poetic Edda.

**Iðunn** College would be an Anglicized construction of the Norse name **Iðunn** plus the SCA branch designator College. **Iðunn** should be treated similarly to the <Saint Name> College constructions. As there is no evidence of a

Norse equivalent to college, there is no way to make the name fully Norse in construction. There would be no objection to spelling changes to make the name more acceptable. **Petition is included in this submission:** We, the undersigned are in agreement that we would like to submit to the College of Heraldry in the Society of Creative Anachronism as our submission for our group. (Depiction of armory) signed, the members of the Medieval Society of LBCC (Long Beach City College) AKA Iðunn College (affixed are five signatures including both modern and society names.)

Also included is a statement of support from the Barony:

We the Populace of the barony of Lyondemere do give our support to Long Beach College's branch of the SCA, hereafter referred to as Iðunn College, and we agree that they should be recognized within the Society as an Incipient College of the Society for Creative Anachronism. Through their efforts to be active and assisting in volunteer services over the last year; attending events, serving on courts, volunteering at wars, and partaking in school events, they have demonstrated their devotion and admiration of the Dream to which we all aspire within the Known World. By signing in agreement, we hereby state that we will give our full support to them and their efforts both in and out of the society. (affixed 23 signatures, including modern and society names)

Petition accompanies this submission:

We, the undersigned are in agreement that we would like to submit to the College of Heraldry in the Society of Creative Anachronism as our submission for our group. (Depiction of armory) signed, the members of the Medieval Society of LBCC (Long Beach City College) AKA Iðunn College (affixed are five signatures including both modern and society names.)

(Lyondemere)

**Branch name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Johann Grimm** New Name and New Device *Per pale gules and argent, a boar passant sable and in base three crescents one and two counterchanged.*

Submitter desires a masculine name and allows only minor changes.

**Johann** is found in Doomsday Names, An Index of Latin Personal and Place Names found in the Doomsday Book, Compiled by KSB Keats-Rohan & David Thornton p. 122 as the given name of 3 individuals in 2 in Essex and 1 in Herefordshire.

**Grimm** is found in Doomsday Names, An Index of Latin Personal and Place Names found in the Doomsday Book, Compiled by KSB Keats-Rohan & David Thornton p. 280 as a surname of an individual in Suffolk.

(Calafia)

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Kurono Kuro.** Change of Name.

Registered name: Kurona Kuro the Unbeliever registered 06/90.

The submitter desires a masculine name and will accept no changes to his name. Registered name to be released. Attached to this submission is a copy of the letter of notification from the Kingdom of the West with a handwritten note from Alison *Vesper (at the time)* attached which reads: My Lord, When Lady Laurel accepted your name change, she did so with the spelling error noted on this letter. We're writing to get a correction and will let you know when it's fixed. Sorry! Alison

Apparently the correction was never made. Copy of the original submission is attached below.

The submitter thought the correction had been made. The college would appreciate any assistance the collected minds could offer this submitter.

One would assume that the name element Kuro is grandfathered to the submitter.

**Request for Change of Name was forwarded to Laurel.**

**Raghnailt Beag ingen Amlaib Mor Ui Donnabhain.** New Name Change

Registered name Emma Wolvyne registered January 2003 is to be released.

The submitter desires a female name, will not accept major changes (except dropping Beag as noted above) and understands that changes for spelling or grammar may be made.

Name submitted as **Raighnailt Beag ingen Olaf Mor Ui Donnabhain** was changed to make the name completely Irish, confirmed during the meeting with the submitter.

**Raghnailt** is found as a name with various spellings from 1211 to 1486. at

<http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Feminine/Raghnailt.shtml>. The submitted spelling is listed as the Early Modern Gaelic form.

**Beag** is a descriptive byname meaning small according to the "Index of Names in Irish Annals" by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan (<http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/DescriptiveBynames/Becc.shtml>). The spelling is the

nominative, Early Modern Irish form. We are uncertain of the correct feminine form, nor are we sure how the name would lenite (though we realize it must be lenited). We ask the College's help with this byname.

**Amlaib - Olaf** was translated into Irish as: Amlaib / Amhlaob found Index of Names in Irish Annals by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan (Kathleen M. O'Brien)

(<http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Amlaib.shtml> ). Research Notes: "A borrowing of the Old Norse **Olaf**... It was brought into Ireland by the Viking invaders and adopted by the Irish." (OCM, p. 22 s.n. Amlaib) , The submitted spelling is appropriate for genitive form for Middle Irish Gaelic, thus the spelling ingen is used for the patronymic marker.

**Mor** - From St Gabriel report 2225: The word <mo/r> means "great, tall," and was a fairly common Gaelic nickname. We find various examples of it in the 15th century. [5] Source [5] is Unpublished research of Effrick neyn Kenneoch, "Names from Skene's Transcription of the 1467 MS", Skene, William F., "Genealogies of the Highland Clans, Extracted from Ancient Gaelic MSS.: 1. Gaelic MS. Written circa A.D. 1450, with a Translation," pp 50-62, and "Genealogies of the Highland Clans, Extracted from Ancient Gaelic MSS.: 2. Gaelic MS. Written circa A.D. 1450, continued," pp. 357-60, \_Collectanea de Rebus Albanicis consisting of Original Papers and Documents Relating to the History of the Highlands and Islands of Scotland\_, ed. The Iona Club (Edinburgh: Thomas G. Stevenson, 1847).

**Ui Donnabhain** - (O) Donovan is an undated header in MacLysaght (p. 86), and Donovan is an undated header in R&W (p. 328) cites the undated Irish O' Donnabháin 'descendant of Dhomnaill'. OCM p. 77 s.n. Donndubán says that this given name occurred principally in Munster during the 9th and 10th centuries, and gave rise to the modern surname Ó Donnabháin. Mari's article, "Index of Names in Irish Annals "Index of Names in Irish Annals", (<http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Donnduban.shtml>) shows Donndubáin as the appropriate genitive form for Middle Irish.

(Lyondemere)

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Reinhart Wegner.** New Name and New Device. Per pale sable and azure, a pall inverted argent overall a valknut Or.

The submitter desires a masculine name, will accept only minor changes, and cares most about the language/culture, German. He requests that no changes be made to the first name element.

**Reinhart** is found in German Names from 1495 by Aryanhwy merch Catmael at:

<http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/german/german1495.html> cited once each in the Gundelsheim region and Sulme region.

**Wegner** is found in German Names from 1495: Surnames T – Z by Aryanhwy merch Catmael at

<http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/german/surnames1495t-z.html> cited a total of six times, in the regions of Degenmor, Rodmanßdorff, Vorstat, and Wilndorff in this spelling.

The use of a valknut is a step from period practice.

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Seraphina de Arlette.** New Name and New Device. *Per saltire azure and purpure, a wolf between three pairs of needles in saltire threaded argent.*

The submitter desires a feminine name, will accept all changes, and cares most about the unspecified sound.

**Seraphina** - Feminine derivative of Sarefino, p 330 of Dizionario dei Nomi Italiani, Emido de Felice.

Serafina is found in St. Gabriel report 2939 <http://www.panix.com/~gabriel/public-bin/showfinal.cgi?2939+0>

*Serafina* was not a common name in period Italy, but it was occasionally used. There was a Saint *Seraphina* (usually referred to as Santa Fina) who lived in Italy during the 13th century [1], and there was a 15th century Blessed *Seraphina Sforza* and a 16th century Saint *Seraphin* of Montegrano [2]. Note that these are modern spellings. The period spellings were probably closer to those illustrated by the masculine examples *Seraffo* and *Serafino*, from Florence in 1427 [3]. Therefore, *Serafina* is at least a plausible name for 16th century Florence.

With the following references:

[1] Butler's Lives of the Saints, Herbert J. Thurston and Donald Attwater eds. (New York: P.J.. Kenedy & Sons, 1958).

[2] Catholic Encyclopedia. (WWW: New Advent, Inc., 1997). <http://www.knight.org/advent/cathen/>

[3] Ferrante laVolpe, \_Men's names from Florence, 1427\_ (WWW: Self-published, 1996).

<http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/ferrante/catasto>

The documented spelling for the given name is <Sera\*f\*ina>; the Latinized <Seraphina> should be allowable too.

**Arlette** - p 75 Dizionario dei Nomi Italiani, Emido de Felice, header spelling ArLÁ`tte (as a given name) Arlati - header spelling on p 61 dizionario dei cognomi italiani, de Felice (family name)

(Lyondemere)

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Svana skósvein.** New Device. *Azure a semy of aspen leaves Or within a bordure argent.*

Name registered June 2006.

(Starkhafn)

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Thaleia Lakedaimonia.** New Name and New Device. Argent, a wolf's head cabossed azure and on a chief azure two mullets of eight points elongated to base argent.

Submitter desires a feminine name and allows minor changes.

**Thaleia** is found in the Lexicon of Greek Personal names 29 times search term "qaleia"

<http://www.lgpn.ox.ac.uk/database/lgpn.php>

**Lakedaimonia** is a feminine Greek adjective meaning "the Laconian" (a person from the state ruled by Sparta).

Henry George Liddell and Robert Scott, A Greek-English Lexicon s.v. Λακεδαιμόνων list Λακεδαιμόνιος, α, ον, as a regular adjective referring to persons, and say that it was used by various classical Greek writers including Herodotus; Λακεδαιμόνια is thus the feminine nominative form, and <Lakedaimonia> is the standard modern transliteration. The entry may be found at: <http://artflx.uchicago.edu/cgi-bin/philologic/getobject.pl?c.42:4:76.LSJ>  
Liddell & Scott is a no-photocopy source.